

Are Italian companies ready for the Russian fashion market?



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IC&Partners in the World





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It is not (only) a matter of sanctions and worldwide crises





electrated in Thirodal Zione Treated



The drivers that have influenced the Russian economy over the last three years





Sanctions of EU and USA against Russia

The Russian intervention in Ukraine prompted some Governments to apply sanctions against certain subjects and goods



They refer to **149 people and 37 entities** that are subject to a freeze of their assets in the EU.



Restrictions on economic relations with Crimea and Sevastopol: import ban on goods from Crimea and Sevastopol, restrictions on trade and investment related to certain economic sectors and infrastructure projects, export and import ban on trade in arms, export ban for dual-use goods, curtail Russian access to certain sensitive technologies and services that can be used for oil production and exploration. In general: fruit, vegetables, dairy products, fish, treated meat.

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Prolonged sanctions against Russia

On 1 July 2016, the Council prolonged the economic sanctions targeting specific sectors of the Russian economy until **31 January 2017**.

Russia, starting from 16 September issued a special Law Decree (no. 233) stating a «preference» for the Russian products with respect to imported ones especially for tendering and auction procedures. Moreover, starting from 2017 the «preference» towards Russian production shall amount up to 15% on the bid presented in tenders and auctions.

To check the updated list of subjects and goods involved in sanctions:

- http://europa.eu/newsroom/highlights/specialcoverage/eu_sanctions/index_en.htm
- http://www.ambmosca.esteri.it/Ambasciata_Mosca
- http://www.mid.ru/bdomp/sitemap.nsf

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Counter-sanctions of Russia

- Counter-sanctions applied by Russia are against a number of countries: EU, USA, Canada, Norway and Australia
- Counter-sanctions refer especially to Russian public institutions that cannot purchase certain goods from the above Countries:
 - Apparel, fabrics, shoes, leather, luggage
 - Means of transport
 - Medical devices
 - Medicines, according a special list of them
 - F The Russian Government bans the export of leather from

Russia







Source: Sole24ore

▶ The fall down of oil price the most important financial source of Russian economy

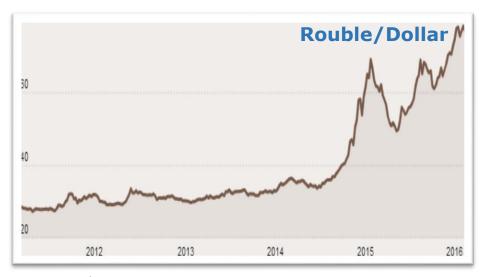


- Lower revenues from the sale of petroleum
- Higher price of foreign goods – that have a strong appeal on Russian consumers
- Higher interest rates from the banks to companies
- ▶ The first fall down of Russian GDP after 5 years of growth

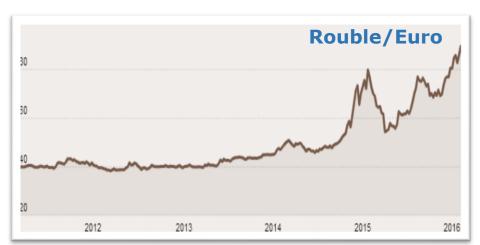
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Rouble, Euro and Dollar

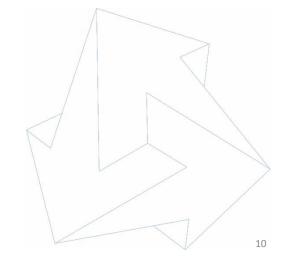


Source: Sole24ore



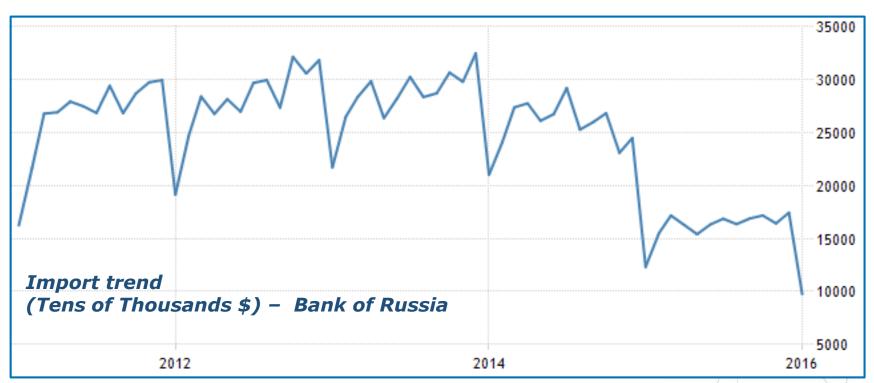
Source: Sole24ore

The devaluation of Russian Rouble in relation to US Dollar and Euro – has brought about more problems to export and the reduction of purchasing power





Russia Import Trends





Import Substitution Policy



And moreover...







The World Trade Organization

The entry of Russia in the WTO - World Trade Organization - on 22 August 2012 means:

Reduction of customs duty 10% to **7,8%** - average value

- Reduction of customs duty in the fashion sector 19,6% to 14,5% average value
- Import quota system
- Re-scheduling of the rates: ad valorem/not ad valorem

Formal reduction of non tariff barriers:

- Sanitary and phytosanitary measures SPS agreement
- Technical barriers to trade TBT agreement encourages members to base their measures on international standards to facilitate the trade:
 - to refer to international standards, like ISO
 - to define a unique certification organization on national basis and to avoid proliferation of "un-official" organizations

Reduction of support from the Russian Government



EAC, the new product certification process

- ▶ The certification process has changed from GOST to EAC system in 2010 with the birth of the Eurasian Custom Union - Russia, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Armenia, Kirghizstan (Vietnam in progress) with the aim to facilitate the economic exchange among these countries.
- ▶ The EAC certification of products is mandatory and for each kind of goods there is a specific Technical regulation system to refer to: TR TC 07/2011-17/2011 that refers to adults and children wear.
- For apparel and fashion items the transition period finished on July 2014.





EAC Certification: what is new

- The Applicant is a representative for the foreign producer and this is a brand new role requested by the Technical Regulation System of the EAC. He is a legal Representative.
- ▼ The Applicant must be a Russian entity/subject or from one of the Countries of the Eurasian Economic Union.
- The Applicant bears legal responsibility in front of the relevant Russian Authorities with regard to conformity and marking of the goods, as well as any possible damage to consumers caused by those goods introduced into the Customs Union.
- The Applicant had better be defined with a special Contract between the Producer and the Applicant himself this is actually a proxy which is valid solely for the Certificates in respect of which they are issued. But if the Contract becomes unvalid, also the related Certificates become invalid.



And nevertheless...





Pambianco, 15th November 2016

"Starting from this summer, we have evidenced a certain increase in the presence of Russians back in Italy. The Russian Rouble exchange rate is getting higher, thanks to oil price that is gaining ground, and this is a positive effect on the Russian economy. And more, sanctions will stop after January 2017"



Russian import: Products and Countries

- Mechanical tools and Machinery (30,1%)
- Chemicals (12,8%)
- Means of transport (11,5%)
- ➤ Metals(6,4%)
- Agricultural products (6%)
- ➤ Plastic (5,6%)
- Agri-food and wine (4,7%)
- Fashion (4,5%)
 - > China (19%)
 - ➤ Germany (10%)
 - > USA (6%)
- Italy (4%)

Import by Product

Import by Country



Export by Product Group Italy to Russia

%	Export from Italy to Russia - 2015			
11,3%	Machinery			
9,4%	Textile and clothing - except fur products			
16,2%	Special machinery			
6,4%	Furniture			
4,7%	Footwear			
3,2%	Parts and accessories for metalworking machine tools			
3,1%	Pharmaceutical			
2,4%	Motors/engines			
2,2%	Chemicals			
2,1%	Plastic			
2,0%	Detergents and Cosmetics			

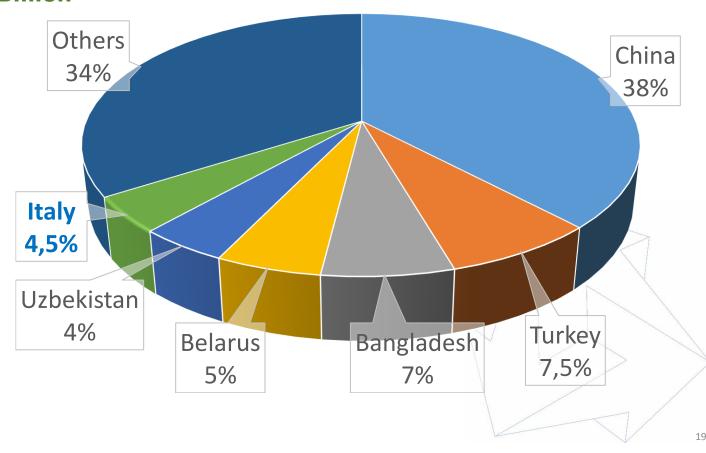


Russia: Import of fashion/apparel

Import of textile and clothing is 4,5% (2105) of the total Russian import with a share of more the 8.2 Billion

Dollars

Countries -2015





Market structuring

Market Share	Retail average price	Retail Channel	Country of Origin	
15%	Luxury 150-300 €	Luxury mono-brand shops and multibrand boutiques	Italy	
2070	Premium 150 €	Monobrand Luxury multibrand boutiques	Italy, France, Germany, Switzerland	
20%	150€ Medium -High 50 €	Specialized mono and multibrand shopt, department stores, indipendent shops	Italy, France, Germany, UK, Finlanc Austria	
30%	50€ Medium price 20 €	Retail chains mono-brand and multibrand, dep stores, distance retailers	Russia, Spain, Swede Germany, Italy, France, Turkey, UK,	
25%	20 € Medium low price 10€	Local retail chains monobrand and discounters	Finland, USA, Poland Russia, China Turkey, Bielorussia Eastern Europe	
10%	10€ Mass market cheap price 5 €	Open air markets	China, Turkey, Russia Central Asia	



Main retail channels in Russia: where are they going?

Category	Price range	Market share	Estimated POS	Trend
Open-markets, Mass Market and kiosks	Low	20 %	> 3,500	A
Discount multibrand stores and hypermarkets (METRO, REAL, MARKTKAUF) Russian Discounters, Russian casual cheaper clothing chains, clothing chains like (SELA)	medium-low	19 %	> 2,000	7
Overseas and Local mono-brand retail (ZARA, H&M, MANGO, BENETTON, RESERVED, NAF NAF, OLSEN, NEW YORKER, TVOE, OODJI, GLANCE, INCITY, SAVAGE, BAON, O'STIN, GLOOM, MODIS, BEEFREE/ZARINA, VESH)	From medium low to medium	24 %	> 5,000 (1,000 foreign)	77
Distance retail, postal catalogues and online retail (Otto Group, KupiVIP, lamoda.ru, wildberries)	Medium	2 %	> 15	77
Multi-Brand chains and Department Stores (HOLDING CENTER, LADY & GENTLEMAN CITY, PODIUM, FASHION CONTINENT, SNOW QUEEN, MODAMO, MOSKOVSKIY, PROKOVSKIY, MARKS+ SPENCER, new: DEBENHAMS)	From medium to medium-high	15 %	> 600	71
Multibrand specialty stores and boutiques, small regional chains	From Medium to High	12 %	> 3,000	\rightarrow
GUM, TSUM, LEIPZIG, VESNA, CALIGULA	da premium a lusso	8%		\rightarrow

Elab. IC&Partners su dati EFTEC

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The Russian Middle Class: a fast changing player

The Russian Middle Class:

- represents 30% of the population, and it has grown 3 times in the last 6 years.
- Increase in the average salary scale and differences from area to area (Moscow 1.700\$/month versus a 843\$/month Russian average). Salary increase by 14 times between 1999 e 2014.
- Cash flow rapid growth (3rd retail market in Europe).
- Very low attitude to saving (especially bank saving): 80% of a family earnings are spent on consumer goods.
- Very attracted by medium-high products and Western way of life.



The hourglass model in the Russian distribution

SUPPLY DEMAND



Not only Moscow is all that glitters

Moscow and Saint Petersburg are the main luxury fashion targets, but they are highly competitive and next to market saturation







Not only Moscow is all that glitters

There are at least a dozen of towns with more than 1 million inhabitants offering good chances for development





E-commerce: a New Frontier





The first 20 Merchants in Russia

ø	Site	Segment	Net sales (online sales incl. VAT, in million USO)	Average monthly traffic (million unique users per month)
1	Ulmartru (1)	Home appliances & Electronics	684	7 000
2	Svyaznoy.ru	Home appliances & Electronics	507	8 000
3	Wildberries.ru	Apparel & Footwear	487	13 000
4	Citilink.ru	Home appliances & Electronics	383	2 900
5	Exist.ru	Auto parts	364	2700
6	Ozon.ru	Diversified assortment	289	8 100
7	Quelle.ru	Apparel & Footwear	229	1 900
8	Lamoda.ru	Apparel & Footwear	191	5 800
9	Mvideo.ru	Home appliances & Electronics	186	8 800
10	Bonprix.ru	Apparel & Footwear	185	2 900
11	Komus.ru	Diversified assortment	181	900
12	Kupivip.ru (2)	Apparel & Footwear	170	2 600
13	Enter.ru	Diversified assortment	169	4 200
14	Eldorado.ru	Home appliances & Electronics	151	5 200
15	Wikimart.ru	Diversified assortment	150	4 100
16	E96.ru	Diversified assortment	144	2 100
17	Sotmarket.ru	Diversified assortment	132	5 850
18	Vseinstrumenti.ru	DIY	115	1 400
19	Dns-shop.ru	Home appliances & Electronics	104	4 900
20	Holodilnik.ru	Home appliances & Electronics	101	1 300

Source: EWDN, Enter Vision 2014, NetCom



- Rouble instability, lack of liquidity, high bank rates.
- Traditional distribution channels with financial problems/financial shortage.
- Franchising system is decreasing.
- Economic operators are not used to doing business according to new rules and scenarios, (i.e. WTO new EAC certification).
- Made in Italy is still highly appreciated, but operators are evaluating the Made in Russia opportunity too (import substitution).
- The average end consumer is very attracted by famous (Italian) brands but is not yet fully able to evaluate the real quality and content of the product.
- E-commerce in the fashion sector is growing.



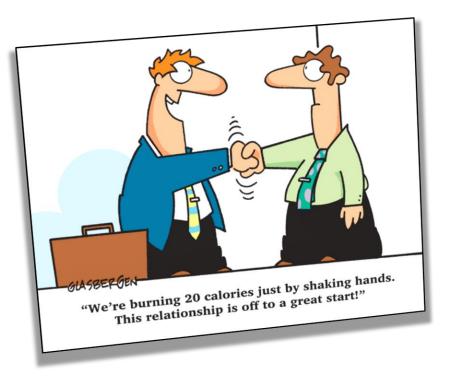
1. It is important to understand the Russian attitude and the Russian cultural heritage







2. During business talks it is advisable to use a formal language and avoid jokes and easy humour

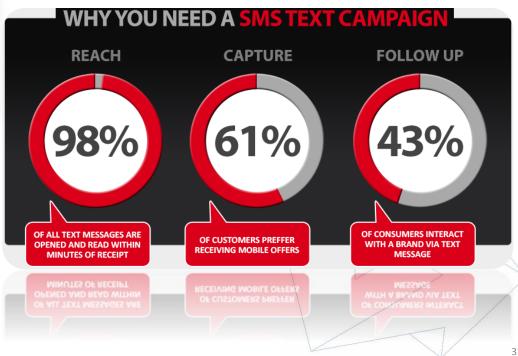






3. Be prepared to handle the dealings with your counterpart, showing numbers, statistics, price lists, case histories







4. The Russians are usually very status-conscious and they prefer to meet people at the same range





5. Even if in the world of fashion the knowledge of English should be a must, for important business talks you had better to use an interpreter





6. Promotional and communication materials should be well translated into Russian as well as the information contained in your web site





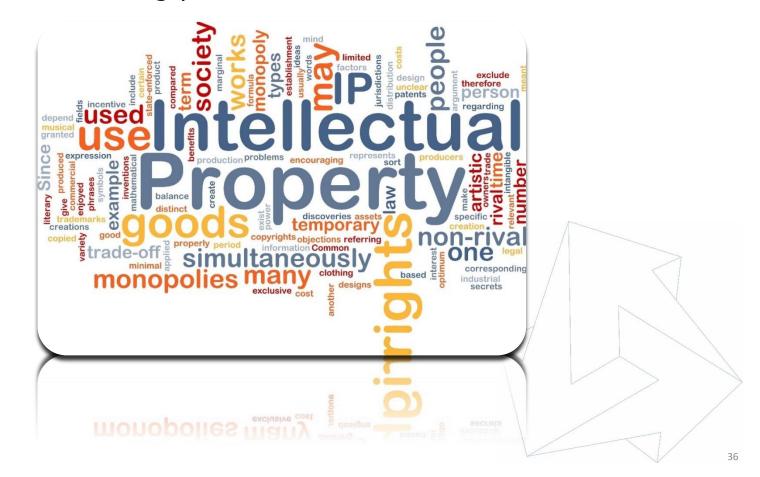
7. Be always acquainted with the legal environment and customs regulations







8. Do not forget about how to protect your intellectual property (brand, patents, know-how), and never forget to take these aspects into consideration when drafting your sale contracts





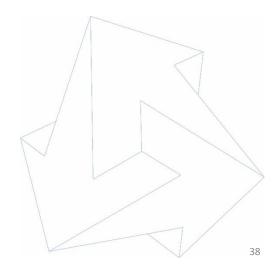
9. Pay attention to all the terms of contract that you give or you are imposed upon by agents, representatives, importers, franchisees, landlords etc. Pay attention to the translation of those contracts (English/Italian version = Russian version)





10. Last but not least: your Client IS NOT your business advisor (especially on the matters 7,8,9)









Thank you for your attention

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